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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION N
09/514,513	02/28/2000	Joseph Chappell	07678/011003	8901
21559 759	03/01/2001		EXAMINER	
CLARK & ELBING LLP 101 FEDERAL STREET			KALLIS, RUSSELL	
BOSTON, MA 02110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1638	
			DATE MAILED: 03/04/2004	ı

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/514,513	CHAPPELL ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Russell Kallis	1638
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory in  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION.  FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reon.  The areply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB.	eply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a)    This action is <b>FINAL</b> .    2b)	This action is non-final.	
Disposition of Claims		
4)  Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	ndrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exar 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	accepted or b) objected to be the drawing(s) be held in abeyance prection is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document of:  2. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority documen	nents have been received. nents have been received in App priority documents have been re reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage
attachment(s)		
) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/I	nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

Claims 1-15 are pending. Claims 1-15 are examined.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 2. Claim 1-15 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. This rejection is maintained for the reasons of record set forth in the Official action mailed 7/30/2003. Applicant's arguments filed 11/26/2003 have been considered but are not deemed persuasive.

Applicant asserts that isoprenoid synthases comprise multiple protein families, ranging from plants to humans to yeast, that consist of different combinations of functional protein domains that catalyze the synthesis of different chemical compounds and further recites that TEAS from tobacco, HVS from henbane, CPP synthase and FPP synthase from sagebrush have been isolated and shown to have the five conserved regions that catalyze chain elongation (response pages 3-4).

Applicant further asserts that the published work of Tamer *et al.* (Arch. Biochem. and Biophys., 411 (2003) pp. 196-203) and Schalk *et al.*, PNAS, 97; (22): pp. 11948-11953 shows

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that the authors identified the conserved domains and were able to reorganize the conserved domains to produce novel chimeric isoprenoid synthases having altered activities (response pages 4 and 5).

The publication date of the cited reference is well after the date of the priority claim (4/12/1996) of the instant application and does not support Applicant's assertion that the reference provides a description of the broad the broadly claimed genus of chimeric isoprenoid synthase polypeptides and polynucleotides encoding said polypeptides.

Applicant asserts that the examiner pointed out that the specification provided several examples of chimeric isoprenoid synthases that were generated using publicly available sequence information and that the claims are no broader than the written description (response page 6).

Based upon the disclosure of TEAS and HVS, there is insufficient relevant identifying characteristics to allow one skilled in the art to completely determine the structure of the broadly claimed genus of chimeric isoprenoid synthases, that synthesizes a reaction product not produced by the non-chimeric isoprenoid synthase or at least two reaction products not normally produced together by the wild type or non-chimeric isoprenoid synthase at the time of the claimed priority date.

3. Claims 1-15 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for plant cells and plants comprising chimeric variants of TEAS and HVS, (CH1-CH14), and quiescent synthases, does not reasonably provide enablement for plant cells and plants comprising any chimeric isoprenoid synthase having an asymmetrically positioned homologous domain that synthesizes a reaction product not produced by the non-chimeric isoprenoid synthase or at least two reaction products not normally produced together by

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the wild type or non-chimeric isoprenoid synthase. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. This rejection is maintained for the reasons of record set forth in the Official action mailed 7/30/2003. Applicant's arguments filed 11/26/2003 have been considered but are not deemed persuasive.

Applicant asserts that the there may be some isoprenoid synthases that lack a given domain but that this would not prevent one from making chimeric polypeptides (response page 7, lines 10-13) and that there is no evidence that the conserved domains from different plants will not tolerate chimerization (response page 7 last paragraph).

The evidence is provided in Tamer *et al.* (Arch. Biochem. and Biophys., 411 (2003) pp. 196-203; see Abstract lines 10-12) and Schalk *et al.* (PNAS, 97; (22): pp. 11948-11953; page 11950, column 2 3<sup>rd</sup> full paragraph; and page 11951, column 1 2<sup>nd</sup> full paragraph) where the authors state that many of the chimeras were inactive either because of improper folding or resulted in inactive enzymes although they were properly folded. Clearly, because the specification does not provide adequate guidance, one of skill in the art would be required to practice undue trial and error experimentation to find an operable embodiment.

Further, Applicant's has asserted repeatedly that the submitted journal references show domain swapping of conserved regions resulted in altered activity and claims an asymmetrically positioned homologous domain that catalyzes an isoprenoid reaction product not produced by the naturally occurring site. This is not made evident by Schalk *et al.* (PNAS, 97; (22): pp. 11948-11953), where the author's remarks are directed towards the involvement of specific residues and the importance of progressively placed directed mutations into a conserved region and not

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asymmetrically positioned domains as being determinant for changes in product formation (Erickson H. *et al.* J. Am. Chem. Soc.; 2003 vol. 125, pp. 6886-6888; see page 6886, column 2 lines 27-33).

Furthermore, the publication dates for the submitted journal articles are well after the claim for priority of 4/12/1996 and thus do not support the claim for enablement at the effective time of filing.

## Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Russell Kallis whose telephone number is (571) 272-0798. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amy Nelson can be reached on (571) 272-0804. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Russell Kallis Ph.D. February 18, 2004

AMY J. NELSON, PH.D SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600